

YOUTH POLICY IN UZBEKISTAN, AS AN EXAMPLE OF KEGEYLI DISTRICT

Toremuratov Aydos

Head of the department of the Kegeyli district of the Youth Affairs Agency Republic of Uzbekistan

Annotation: This article is about youth in the Republic of Uzbekistan the cooperation of the state and public organizations in the implementation of the state policy is covered. The article gives opinions on the opportunities given to the youth of our country and the large-scale reforms of the state policy regarding the youth in order to support them.

Keywords: Youth, law, public policy, employment, five initiatives, program, competitiveness, declaration, Human Right, UN.

Our country's competitiveness in the rapidly developing international arena, full of changes every hour and minute, equal entry into the world competitive market in education, medicine, economy and other fields and gaining its rightful place, the education given to young people, the conditions created in our educational institution is important. Article 26 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights states that education should be aimed at the full development of the human personality and strengthening respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, that education should serve mutual understanding, goodwill and friendship among all peoples, racial and religious groups, and the activities of the UN to maintain peace it is reinforced that it should help.

In his speech at the 72nd session of the UN General Assembly on September 19, 2017, President Shavkat Mirziyoyev highlighted the issue of youth and said that "the most important task is to form and educate the thinking of young people on the basis of enlightenment, and most of the crimes related to extremist activities and violence are committed by young people under the age of 30. that the youth of today's world is the largest generation in the history of mankind, that the future of our planet depends on how our children grow up to be human beings, and our main task is to create the necessary conditions for young people to show their potential, the "virus" of the idea of violence prevention of its spread", it was emphasized.

At the same time, the head of our state proposed the development of a generalized international legal document aimed at the formation and implementation of youth policy - the UN International Convention on the Rights of Youth. It is worth noting that our state is carrying out large-scale reforms in the field of education and upbringing of young people, their confidence in the future, further strengthening of their rights to education and vocational training, and fundamental improvement of normative and legal documents aimed at regulating training and educational processes. Today, in the conditions of the new Uzbekistan, serious attention is paid to young people, their education and social protection.

On September 14, 2016, the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Policy Regarding Youth" was adopted in order to regulate relations in the field of state policy regarding youth. In this Law, the state policy on youth is firmly established as a system of socio-economic, organizational and legal measures implemented by the state and providing for the creation of conditions for the social formation of young people and the development of their intellectual, creative and other potential.

The analysis of the last five-six years of reforms in the education system shows that in New Uzbekistan, as well as in various fields, wide opportunities have been created for the education of young people, and a number of benefits have been introduced.

In particular, based on the decree of the President of April 29, 2020 "On additional measures for the radical improvement of legal education and science in the Republic of Uzbekistan", the admission system, educational activities, and material and technical base of the academic lyceum under the Tashkent State University of Law were fundamentally updated. Starting from the 2021/2022 academic year, graduates of the academic lyceum under TSLU who have achieved high results in all subjects have the right to enter the Tashkent State Law University without entrance tests, through an individual interview, on the basis of a payment contract, outside of the admission parameters.

Pedagogical staff is filled with personnel with high qualifications, professional training and moral standards, and the training sessions given to our young people are carried out on the basis of modern educational technologies and innovative teaching methods based on the characteristics of each subject. Making good use of the conditions and opportunities created in our educational institution, we young people should acquire deep knowledge of subjects, thoroughly master foreign languages and information and communication technologies, as well as pay special attention to the following issues related to our academic lyceum taking a worthy place in the ranking of academic lyceums of our republic:

First, at the next stage, to organize work based on a clear goal and strategic plan for entering higher education institutions;

Secondly, participation in republican and international science Olympiads, sports competitions and winning prizes;

Thirdly, to have a national or international certificate on the level of knowledge of foreign languages and sciences;

Fourth, active participation in spiritual-educational and educational activities.

More than 60% of the population of Uzbekistan is made up of young people. All conditions have been created for young people in the country, and the door of opportunities has been opened since then. That is why our President paid great attention to each of the youth policies at the level of the state policy. This is a clear proof of this for the young people of September 14, 2016. The validity of the regulation on the relevant national policy. "Working with youth is the most important task of all of us, from the President to the Ministers, from the rulers to the elders of the neighborhood," he said.

The reduction of the position of the representatives of the youth issues in the regions of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan was another step in the development of social economic and social economy to learn the opinions and suggestions of all the people of our country.

For example, in our country, the social support of young people between the ages of 14 and 30 has been provided by means of the "Youth Book". To illustrate this with the example of Kegeyli district, in 2021, 1,663 youths were given operational aid, and in 2022, 1,370 youths were supported by social and economic support. The percentage of people in need of social support will be provided with adequate assistance in the payment of contract fees for education and training in higher education institutions, in the case of unemployed persons, 2 of them will be employed as farmers, and as many as 3-7 years they will be employed in business. Pre-term preferential loans were issued. Our young people, motivated by such respect towards themselves, are firmly determined to take the steps that have been taken to the world arenas of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

Kegeyli district is a district in the Republic of Karakalpakstan. On September 3, 1928, it was established separately from Chimboy district. It borders Chimboy, Nukus, Karaozak, Bozatov districts. The population is about 75 thousand. The center of 16 village and neighborhood citizens' gatherings is Kegeyli town. The origin of the term Kegeyli is attributed to the name of the Kegeyli canal, which flows through the district and the town of Kegeyli. It is said that it got the name Kegeyli because both sides of this canal are covered with kegai trees and orange trees. This name later became the name of the town and district.

It is located in the lowland on the right bank of the lower Amudarya. The climate is strictly continental. Summer is hot, winter is cold. The average temperature in July is 26.9°C, January -6.7°C. The vegetation period is 188 days. Agriculture is mainly practiced in the western part of the district, and cattle breeding is developed in the south-east. Kuvanishjarma canal flows through the territory of the district. There are Oktoba, Beskuduq, Sassikshiyel, and Karaoy lakes. The soil is grassy, meadow-swamp uncultivated turang'il, qamish, chiy, buyon, qo'g'a, yantoq, ajriq, korabarok, yulg'un, jiyda etc. grows.

District economy mainly specializes in agriculture. Construction, transport, communication, etc. have enterprises. The farms of the company mainly grow cotton, also engage in grain growing, horticulture, policing, and cattle breeding. White poplars were planted on 65 hectares of land. There are more than 90 small and private enterprises, "Khalqabad wool" cotton factory in the district.

About 16,000 students are studying in a total of 38 secondary schools in the district. About 1900 teachers teach them. 2 vocational schools and 1 technical school.

In conclusion, it should be said that by using the conditions created by our state for young people, the rights and privileges given by the legislation, we will be formed as modern new generation personnel of the new Uzbekistan, as a competitive personnel with knowledge, skills and high professional skills in every field. It is our supreme duty to go to the international arena, to justify the trust of the head of our country in our youth.

Literatures:

1. PF-6017 No. PF-6017 on measures to fundamentally reform and bring the youth policy to a new level in the Republic of Uzbekistan. – : 2020
2. Decision of the Cabinet of Ministers on approval of the concept of development of the state policy on youth in Uzbekistan until 2025. – : 2021
3. President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev Address to the meeting // People's word. December 29, 2018
4. "With youth in neighborhoods" of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on measures to fundamentally improve the work system" No. PQ-92 decision.
5. "Strategy for implementation of state policy on youth: current situation and development prospects" 2019 scientific-practical conference UOC: 005
6. "On State Policy Regarding Youth" of the Republic of Uzbekistan law // People's word. - 2016. - September 15. - #182 (6617).
7. President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev's 19, 2019 meeting held on 5 initiatives including creating additional conditions for youth education and women's employment on March statement.
8. Murodinova, N., & Ganiyeva, M. The role of family to develop for perfect person. <http://baziz.uz/upload/third/18-21%20MART%20-%20Murodinova%20&%20Ganiyeva.pdf>