

Problems in the Development of Ecological Tourism

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Abstract: In this article, ecological tourism has gradually entered the world tourism industry since the 80s of the 20th century. According to the information of the World Tourism Organizations, in the next five years, the flow of tourists in ecological tourism will increase and many other factors will influence it.

Keywords: tourism, ecological tourism, tourist resources, anthropogenic, international tourism, development, wildlife, ecotourism, United Nations, gross domestic product.

Experts say that nature and nature adventure tourism, which is part of the ecotourism network, is developing rapidly in the world tourism industry. Especially in 2019, the coronavirus pandemic, which spread from China to the whole world, caused great damage to the world economy¹. For example, in Canada, the total volume of "wilderness travel" tourism is 25% of domestic tourism revenue. Canada gets 1.7 billion from ecotourism every year. Earns in USD. This is 5 times more than the funds allocated by the government to the wildlife protection program (\$300 million). Therefore, ecotourism makes a great economic contribution to the implementation of nature conservation measures, and from this it provides significant financial support for the full implementation of nature conservation measures. Innovative activities and approaches are important for the effective performance of service tasks².

According to the information of the UN and WTO organizations, in the last 20 years, the number of ecotourists in developing countries has increased, and the income from ecotourism is growing year by year. For example, the country of Kenya - 1.4 billion, Ecuador - 11.8 billion, Costa Rica - 11.4 billion, Nepal - 1.5 billion annually from ecotourism. They earn in US dollars. It should be noted that the income of these countries from ecotourism is equal to 70-80% of the state's gross domestic income (GDP).

The tourism industry of developing countries is mainly implemented at the expense of ecological tourism. According to experts, ecotourism covers 10-20% of the tourist market, and the growth rate is 2-3 times higher than the general tourism growth rate.

The essence of the word ecological tourism is still understood by us as a trip to nature. Sometimes, the opinions that ecological tourism should be called nature tourism are published in the press. In our opinion, a trip to the bosom of nature and its unique landscape can be called nature tourism.

However, we must admit that we are just developing tourism, especially international tourism, and we are just learning the types of tourism and the names of these types, and we are just learning the tourist resources of these types from the literature of foreign countries.

¹ Ortikniyozovich, F. U. (2020). Theme: Forecasts And Results Of The Negative Impact Of The Covid-19 (Coronavirus) Pandemic On The World Economy And The Economy Of Uzbekistan. The American Journal of Interdisciplinary Innovations and Research, 2(08), 108-116.

²2020). 'DIRECTIONS FOR IMPROVING THE METHODOLOGY FOR ANALYZING THE EFFICIENCY OF SERVICE ENTERPRISES', European Journal of Molecular & Clinical Medicine, 7(3), pp. 3228-3234.

The word ecological tourism came to us in a different sense. For some reason, we cannot guarantee that tourists will preserve natural resources in the case of nature tourism, but in the case of ecotourism, we believe that ecotourists will contribute to the protection of nature.

Until now, the behavior of international tourists on ecotourism trips on tourist routes to our nature has not been studied. We know well the results of Uzbeks' trips to the bosom of nature. In other words, in most cases waste is left behind, it is not a matter of studying nature, but eating while soaking in the bosom of pure nature. Now you can be sure that the funds received from ecological tourism will be directed to nature protection. Secondly, we accept the word ecotourism and ecotourism activities according to the international literature and mainly the recommendations of the World Tourism Organization (WTO), and we have not been able to change ecotourism activities by doing something else. Thirdly, every year more funds and modern technologies are requested for the protection of nature and natural resources, which are increasingly being destroyed.

According to the conclusions of Matthias Klingerberg, the chairman of the representative office of the "German Association of Public Universities International Cooperation" in Uzbekistan on the development of tourism in Khorezm, "Ecological tourism means visiting natural regions, the income from these trips is for the improvement of nature, the people of these places, the public contributes to the improvement of cultural structures".

The structural analysis of the information learned in understanding the essence of ecological tourism helps to understand the activity of ecotourism as follows:

- conditions are created to accept the use of wildlife resources in ecotourism as an ecotourism environment;
- new nature protection technologies are introduced as a result of ecotourism trips;
- damage to the environment is reduced (minimized);
- ecotourism increases the value of recreation, education and environmental knowledge;
- teaches to study and protect new natural landscapes, flora and fauna;
- income from ecotourism is allocated to preserve biological diversity in nature;
- teaches ecotourists to respect the inhabitants of ecotourism areas, living nature in the area.

Since we have decided to develop ecotourism, it will be right for us to adapt to these conclusions. The purpose and tasks of ecological tourism is the rational use of nature and natural resources in the tourist direction to ensure ecological safety and sustainable development of current and future generations.

In order to develop ecotourism in Uzbekistan, to realize the goal of national ecotourism, it is enough to cite the planned program presented in the "Concept of the Development of Ecological Tourism in Uzbekistan". In this "Concept", it is important to fulfill the following tasks for the development of ecological tourism in our republic recorded:

- development of special laws and creation of their legal mechanisms for formation of ecotourism industry;
- development of theoretical foundations of ecotourism science education and practice;
- raising the ecological consciousness and culture of the population through ecotourism;
- establishing education and training in the field of ecotourism;
- establishing experts on ecotourism;

- training and retraining of experts in ecotourism;
- Comprehensive evaluation of ecotourism objects and their cadastre;
- establishing monitoring and prospecting of ecotourism;
- zoning of the territories of the national state according to ecotourism;
- preservation of biological diversity;
- creation of factors encouraging positive actions related to ecotourism.

Fulfillment of the mentioned goals and tasks creates the basis for rapid development of ecological tourism in Uzbekistan. Now it is very difficult to assess the current state of ecological tourism development in our country. Because there is still no calculation and statistics of international ecotourists and domestic ecotourists in our country. International ecotourists and domestic ecotourists come to which ecological resources or objects of our country? There is still no answer to this question. Secondly, the "Ecological tourism" course is not taught in institutes, universities and tourism colleges of our republic. It is probably for this reason that scientific research on the state of development of ecotourism in our country or the directions of its development has not yet begun.

Uzbekistan ranks among the richest countries in the world in terms of ecological tourism resources (Concept of developing ecological tourism in Uzbekistan). According to some data, 41% of international tourists (over 50 years old) coming to Uzbekistan want to travel to state nature reserves and nature, 26% of young tourists are interested in environmental problems in our republic. That is why we should seriously deal with the issues of ecological tourism development in our republic, start researches on ecotourism development, identify problems and develop their solutions.

Literature:

1. 2020). 'DIRECTIONS FOR IMPROVING THE METHODOLOGY FOR ANALYZING THE EFFICIENCY OF SERVICE ENTERPRISES', European Journal of Molecular & Clinical Medicine, 7(3), pp. 3228-3234.
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