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Development of The Service Sector

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Abstract: This article talks about the difficulty of finding any enterprise or organization in our country that is not directly or indirectly related to the service sector, or at least has not encountered this sector.

Keywords: security, economic security, damage, profit, information, object, business entities, state, competition, security issue, risks, information security, Strategy Of Actions .

Nowadays, it is difficult to find any enterprise or organization in our country that is not directly or indirectly related to the service sector, or at least has not encountered this sector. As of October 1, 2018, there are 316,700 operating enterprises and transport companies, of which 20,000 are operating in the service sector. Compared to the same period last year, this index increased by 9.2%. As a result, in January-September 2018, it amounted to 105,244.8 billion soums, an increase of 108.9% compared to the corresponding period of the previous year ¹. a service sector development program has been developed and a number of activities are being carried out based on it. Small business development has been an important factor in this area as well. In this document, as a result of the step-by-step implementation of the program for the development of services and the service sector, as a result of supporting entrepreneurship, the volume of services increased by 8.9% compared to 2017, including services per capita, which amounted to 3201.8 thousand soums, and in 2018 As of October 1, it increased by 107.1 percent compared to the corresponding period of the previous year.

The service sector has become one of the most important sectors of the economy. Difficulty of production processes, saturation of the market with goods related to daily and personal needs, pictures of the sharp growth of innovative development, made the introduction of new types of services into the life of society an objective necessity. These cannot be imagined without new types of services, i.e. informational, financial, transport, insurance, payment system services and others. Only in 9 months of 2018, services related to public health included 6.6 information and communication services 6.8 storage and transportation services 13.0 services related to food and accommodation 19.2 trade and household services 69.4 other services make up 94.5 thousand units. A total of 209,500 enterprises and organizations are operating during this period. Along with meeting the needs of the population for consumer goods, these provide the opening of new jobs, the employment of the population, and thereby serve to increase the well-being of people.

Currently, modern services related to technical and technological processes are emerging for the population. These include communication, information, repair of cars and other equipment, hotel and financial services. In 2018, the volume of these services grew at a high rate. Just yesterday you would have to wait in long queues for a regular phone, but today most of the family members have mobile devices. Not so long ago, computer equipment was the sole possession of a single large organization,

¹ Gosudarstvennyy komitet Respubliki Uzbekistan po satistike. "SOCIAL-ECONOMIC POLOGENIE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN" for January-September 2018.



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but today most households have this equipment. All this requires the organization of separate services to ensure their regular operation.

In our country, the types of medical services of social importance are increasing, a lot of activities are being carried out in the fields of education, culture, physical education and sports, as well as providing services to farmers and farms. As a result, the volume of these services increased by 8.9% in January-September 2018 2. Such a positive trend continues in our country in 2018-2019 despite the ongoing financial and economic crisis. (Table 1.2).

The growth of all types of services led to an increase in their share in the gross domestic product. As a result, the development of these industries made it possible to increase its share in the country's gross domestic product to 42.5% in 2017 3. The amount of this indicator reached 45.3% in 2018. It can be seen that the share of services in the gross domestic product has a significant place. This is primarily due to the introduction of new types of services into the market, which requires all authorities to pay more attention to this area. The high level of service provision in our country means that it should reach such a level in every region and region. Because opening new jobs in services is relatively cheap and convenient. The most important thing is that the need of the population for various modern services is increasing day by day

²The state of socio-economic development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in January-September 2018. The Ministry of Economy of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Statistical Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan. //XFU Tashkent. 2018. 9.11.18. Letter No. 7347.

³Results of socio-economic development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2007. The Ministry of Economy of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Statistical Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan. // Folk word. February 2008.